

Lesson 13

13A Finding Meanings p. 130

1. d—b
2. a—d
3. b—d
4. b—c
5. c—b
6. d—c
7. a—b
8. a—d
9. c—a
10. b—c

13B Just the Right Word p. 131

1. deplete
2. fatigues
3. adapt
4. wends
5. prominent
6. Transport
7. glare
8. habitat
9. quench
10. efficient
11. outmoded
12. rigors

13C Applying Meanings p. 132

1. a, c, d
2. c, d
3. b, c
4. a, c, d
5. a, b, c
6. a, c, d
7. a, b, c
8. b, c

13D Word Study p. 133

1. carry
2. transport
3. unaware
4. oblivious
5. woe
6. misery
7. mistake
8. blunder
9. danger
10. peril
11. complain
12. gripe
13. save
14. conserve
15. reduce
16. diminish
17. captive
18. prisoner
19. beginning
20. origin

13E Passage p. 135

(Possible answers; students' sentences may vary.)

1. Camels **transport** heavy loads of materials.
2. Use of camels has become **outmoded** because of jeeps.
3. Four-wheel-drive vehicles can travel faster and further and carry heavier loads than camels.
4. The dromedary's **habitat** is the desert.
5. Sunglasses would protect one's eyes from the **glare** of the sun on the sand.
6. The **searing** heat is uncomfortable.
7. *Adapted* means "changed to fit a particular habitat."
8. The Bedouins once **wended** their way on dromedaries.
9. Dromedaries are **oblivious** to the heat and sun.
10. *Prominent* means "standing out" or "easily seen."
11. A shrunken hump would tell you that a dromedary's fat storage has been **depleted**.
12. *Quenches* means "satisfies with a liquid."
13. The weather in Siberia would be cold and windy.
14. They conserve energy by maintaining a steady plodding **gait**.
15. If made to travel more than fifty miles a day, a dromedary would begin to show **fatigue**.

Lesson 14

14A Finding Meanings p. 141

1. d—b
2. d—b
3. c—b
4. d—a
5. b—a
6. c—b
7. a—c
8. a—d
9. c—b

14B Just the Right Word p. 142

1. esteem
2. vanquished
3. opportunity
4. consented
5. extensive
6. exaggerating
7. marvels
8. discretion
9. engrossing
10. relinquish
11. fantastic

14C Applying Meanings p. 143

1. a, b, c
2. a, c
3. c
4. a, b
5. a, b, d
6. a, c, d
7. a, b, c
8. a, d

14D Word Study p. 144

1. correct
2. gate
3. correct
4. correct
5. hoard
6. correct
7. sear
8. gait
9. horde
10. correct
11. correct
12. correct
13. correct
14. correct
15. stationary

14E Passage p. 145

(Possible answers; students' sentences may vary.)

1. Yes. Kublai Khan was a wise and benevolent ruler, unlike his grandfather, Genghis Khan.
2. The territory Kublai Khan ruled was **extensive**.
3. Genghis Khan established his empire by **vanquishing** most of the rulers in Asia.
4. Genghis Khan was a **tyrant**.
5. No. That is an **exaggeration** because Marco Polo traveled only from Italy to Asia.
6. Kublai Khan gave his consent for Marco Polo to return to Venice.
7. The purpose of Marco Polo's travel in Asia was to carry out **missions** for Kublai Khan.
8. No. Marco Polo had to get the **consent** of Kublai Khan to return home.
9. A less discreet person than Marco Polo might have shared important information with other people at the court.
10. *Fantastic* means "unusual" or "odd."
11. Kublai Khan thought that Marco Polo would not **intrigue** against him.
12. Marco Polo wanted to return to Venice.
13. *Opportunity* means "a time that is right for doing something."
14. Crocodiles and coal were things that Venetians had never seen before.
15. Marco Polo's book remains in print because it is such an **engrossing** story.